

Problem 4.116. What are the possible orders for elements in S_6 and A_6 ? What about S_7 and A_7 ?

$$|S_6| = 6! = 720$$

Lagrange's Thm says that any divisor of 720 is a possible order, but certainly not all of these divisors actually occur as orders.

Possible disjoint cycle types in S_6 together w/ their orders:

$$* |(1)| = 1$$

$$|(ab)| = 2$$

$$* |(ab)(cd)| = \text{lcm}(2,2) = 2$$

$$|(ab)(cd)(ef)| = \text{lcm}(2,2,2) = 2$$

$$* |(abc)| = 3$$

$$|(abc)(de)| = \text{lcm}(3,2) = 6$$

$$* |(abc)(def)| = \text{lcm}(3,3) = 3$$

$$|(abcd)| = 4$$

$$* |(abcd)(ef)| = \text{lcm}(4, 2) = 4$$

$$* |(abcde)| = 5$$

$$|(abcdef)| = 6$$

So, we have elmts of order 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

Now, let's consider A_6 , which consists of the even permutations in S_6 .

I've starred the cycle types above w/ pink that yield even perms.

Thus, we have elmts of order 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 in A_6 .

Important: Don't read into this

example too much. In S_n , A_n

in general the orders aren't always

consecutive like above.