## Homework 5

Discrete Mathematics
Please review the Rules of the Game from the syllabus. Reviewing material from previous courses and looking up definitions and theorems you may have forgotten is fair game. Since mathematical reasoning, problem solving, and critical thinking skills are part of the learning outcomes of this course, all assignments should be prepared by the student. Developing strong competencies in this area will prepare you to be a lifelong learner and give you an edge in a competitive workplace. When it comes to completing assignments for this course, unless explicitly told otherwise, you should not look to resources outside the context of this course for help. That is, you should not be consulting the web (e.g., Chegg and Course Hero), generative artificial intelligence tools (e.g., ChatGPT), mathematics assistive technologies (e.g., Wolfram Alpha and Photomath), other texts, other faculty, or students outside of our course in an attempt to find solutions to the problems you are assigned. On the other hand, you may use each other, the textbook, me, and your own intuition. You are highly encouraged to seek out assistance by asking questions in our Q\&A Discussion Board in Canvas. You are allowed and encouraged to work together on homework. Yet, each student is expected to turn in their own work. If you feel you need additional resources, please come talk to me and we will come up with an appropriate plan of action.

In general, late homework will not be accepted. However, you are allowed to turn in up to three late homework assignments. Unless you have made arrangements in advance with me, homework turned in after class will be considered late.

Complete the following problems. Unless explicitly stated otherwise, you are expected to justify your answers. In many problems this means that you should use words to describe what you are doing and why. In other problems, simply providing sufficient arithmetic may be sufficient. If a problem asks you to count something, please box your final answer.

1. A convenience store stocks 8 types of candy bar.
(a) How many ways are there to pick 3 if no more than one of any type is allowed?
(b) How many ways are there to pick 3 if there is no such restriction?
2. Answer each of the following questions.
(a) How many integer solutions does $x+y+z+w=21$ have if $x, y, z, w \geq 0$ ?
(b) How many integer solutions does $x+y+z+w=21$ have if $x, y, z, w>0$ ?
(c) How many integer solutions does $x+y+z+w=21$ have if $x \geq 1, y \geq 2, z \geq 2, w \geq 0$ ?
(d) How many integer solutions does $x+y+z \leq 21$ have if $x, y, z \geq 0$ ?
3. A wishing well contains many coins, consisting of pennies, nickels, dimes, and quarters. A bucket is dipped into the well and retrieves 10 coins. How many different possible coin collections are there?
4. What is the coefficient of $x^{3} y^{5}$ in the expansion of $(2 x-3 y)^{8}$ ?
5. Find the alternating row sums in Pascal's Triangle. That is, for $n \geq 0$, find a formula for

$$
\sum_{k=0}^{n}(-1)^{k}\binom{n}{k}:=\binom{n}{0}-\binom{n}{1}+\binom{n}{2}-\cdots+(-1)^{n}\binom{n}{n} .
$$

Hint: The answer for $n=0$ is different than for $n>0$. For $n>0$, you can either use the Binomial Theorem or make use of Pascal's Identity together with careful algebraic bookkeeping.

